

Math 3170: Homework 3

Due: September 15, 2010

1. Prove

$$3^n = \sum_{k=0}^n 2^k \binom{n}{k}$$

in two different ways.

2. Prove

$$\binom{2n}{n} = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k}^2$$

in two different ways.

3. What is the coefficient of x^n in the power series $\sqrt[3]{1-2x}$?

4. (a) What is the power series for

$$\frac{1}{(1-x)^2}?$$

- (b) Compute the first ten terms of the sequence

$$h_n = h_{n-1} + h_{n-2} - h_{n-3},$$

with $h_0 = 0$, $h_1 = 1$, $h_2 = 1$.

- (c) Use generating functions to find a closed formula for h_n (although it is easy to do so without generating functions).

5. Say a sequence a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{2n} of n ones and n minus ones is *good* if for each $1 \leq k \leq 2n$, the sum $a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_k \geq 0$. Let

$$se_n = \#\{\text{good sequences of length } 2n\}.$$

For example,

$$\begin{aligned} se_3 &= \#\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1), (1, 1, -1, -1, 1, -1), (1, -1, 1, 1, -1, -1), \\ (1, 1, 1, -1, -1, -1), (1, 1, -1, 1, -1, -1) \end{array} \right\} \\ &= 5. \end{aligned}$$

Show that se_n is the n th Catalan number by constructing a bijection between Dyck paths and good sequences.