## Math 3140: Homework 6

## Due: Wednesday, October 15

- A. 9.1 Do either of the following sets of  $n \times n$  matrices form a group?
  - (a) Diagonal matrices,  $\{a \in M_n(\mathbb{R}) \mid a_{ij} = 0, i \neq j, a_{ii} \neq 0\}$ .
  - (b) Symmetric matrices,  $\{a \in M_n(\mathbb{R}) \mid a_{ij} = a_{ji}, 1 \le i, j \le n\}$ .
  - 10.1 Show that if  $G \times H$  is cyclic, then both G and H are cyclic.
  - 10.2 Show that  $\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$  and  $\mathbb{Z}$  are not isomorphic.
  - 10.? Which of the following groups are isomorphic to one-another?

 $\mathbb{Z}_{24}, \quad D_4 \times \mathbb{Z}_3, \quad D_{12}, \quad A_4 \times \mathbb{Z}_2, \quad \mathbb{Z}_2 \times D_6, \quad S_4, \quad \mathbb{Z}_{12} \times \mathbb{Z}_2.$ 

B. For p prime, let  $\mathbb{F}_p$  denote the set  $\{0, 1, \dots, p-1\}$  where we add **and** multiply modulo p (as opposed to  $\mathbb{Z}_p$  where we just add). Define

$$U_n(\mathbb{F}_p) = \{ a \in M_n(\mathbb{F}_p) \mid a_{jj} = 1, 1 \le j \le n, a_{ji} = 0, 1 \le i < j \le n \}.$$

This group is called the group of unipotent, uppertriangular matrices with entries in  $\mathbb{F}_p$ .

- (a) What is the order of U<sub>3</sub>(𝔽<sub>2</sub>)? Show that U<sub>3</sub>(𝔽<sub>2</sub>) is isomorphic to an already familiar group. **Remark.** The group U<sub>3</sub>(𝔽<sub>p</sub>) is often called the *Heisenberg group* and is useful in mathematical physics.
- (b) Show that  $U_2(\mathbb{F}_p) \cong \mathbb{Z}_p$ , and that if  $n \ge 2$ , then  $U_2(\mathbb{F}_p)$  is isomorphic to a subgroup of  $U_n(\mathbb{F}_p)$ .
- C. (a) Show that  $M_n(\mathbb{R})$  is a ring.
  - (b) Give a definition for what you think a subring should be.
  - (c) Give a definition for what you think a ring isomorphism should be.