## Math 3140: Homework 11

## Due: Wednesday, November 16

- 17.1. Let  $G = \langle (1,2,3)(4,5), (7,8) \rangle \subseteq S_8$ . Then G acts on the set  $X = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8\}$ . Calculate the orbits of the G-action in X, and the stabilizer of each element.
- 17.4 Let G act on a set X, and let O be an orbit in G. Show that  $G_x = G_y$  for all  $x, y \in O$  if and only if  $G_x \triangleleft G$ .
- 17.7-8. The diagonal action. Suppose G acts on X and Y. Let

$$\begin{array}{cccc} G \times (X \times Y) & \longrightarrow & X \times Y \\ (g, (x, y)) & \mapsto & (g(x), g(y)) \end{array} \tag{(*)}$$

- (a) Show that (\*) gives an action of G on  $X \times Y$ .
- (b) Find the stabilizer of  $(x, y) \in X \times Y$ .
- (c) Give an example to show that this action is not necessarily transitive, even if G acts transitively on both X and Y.
- (d) Find the orbits and stabilizers of  $G = \langle (1, 2, 3, 4), (2, 4) \rangle \subseteq S_4$  acting on  $X \times X$  diagonally, where  $X = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ .
- 17.10. The *centralizer* of  $g \in G$  is the subgroup

$$C_G(g) = \{h \in G \mid hgh^{-1} = g\}$$

- (a) Identify a set X with an action of G on that set such that  $C_G(g) = G_g$  for that action.
- (b) Show that if some conjugacy class of G has exactly two elements, then G is not simple.