

MATH 6230 Differential Geometry 1
Homework Set 4
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Problem 1: Let M be a (real) manifold of finite dimension and fix a point $p \in M$. Let \mathcal{U}_p be the set of open neighborhoods of p in M and denote by $\mathcal{C}^\infty(\mathcal{U}_p)$ the set of smooth functions $f : U \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, where U is an element of \mathcal{U}_p . Define an equivalence relation \sim on $\mathcal{C}^\infty(\mathcal{U}_p)$ by calling two smooth functions $f : U \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and $g : V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ with $U, V \in \mathcal{U}_p$ *equivalent* if there exists an element $W \in \mathcal{U}_p$ such that $W \subset U \cap V$ and $f|_W = g|_W$. Denote by \mathcal{C}_p^∞ the set of equivalence classes and call it the *stalk* of $\mathcal{C}^\infty(M)$ at p . Its elements are called *germs* of smooth functions at p . For $f \in \mathcal{C}^\infty(\mathcal{U}_p)$ the associated equivalence class is denoted by $[f]_p$.

- (a) Construct a natural algebra structure on the stalk \mathcal{C}_p^∞ reflecting addition and multiplication of smooth functions.
- (b) Call a linear map $\delta : \mathcal{C}_p^\infty \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ a *derivation* if

$$\delta([f]_p \cdot [g]_p) = f(p)\delta([g]_p) + g(p)\delta([f]_p) \quad \text{for all } [f]_p, [g]_p \in \mathcal{C}_p^\infty .$$

Denote the space of such derivations by $\text{Der}(\mathcal{C}_p^\infty, \mathbb{R})$. Show that $\text{Der}(\mathcal{C}_p^\infty, \mathbb{R})$ is a vector space.

- (c) Show that the map

$$T_p M \rightarrow \text{Der}(\mathcal{C}_p^\infty, \mathbb{R}), \quad \dot{\gamma}(0) \mapsto \left(\mathcal{C}_p^\infty \ni [f]_p \mapsto \left. \frac{d}{dt} \right|_{t=0} f(\gamma(t)) \in \mathbb{R} \right)$$

is well defined and a linear isomorphism.

Remark. (c) shows that the tangent space $T_p M$ can be identified with the space of derivations $\text{Der}(\mathcal{C}_p^\infty, \mathbb{R})$. This is the *algebraists definition* of the tangent space.

Problem 2: In the wikipedia article [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sheaf_\(mathematics\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sheaf_(mathematics)) read the sections with the definition of presheaves, sheaves, on examples and on the stalks of a sheaf. Then define the presheaf \mathcal{X}_M^∞ of smooth vector fields on a manifold M and the presheaf of k -forms Ω_M^k on M . Show that these presheaves are sheaves.

Problem 3: Verify that the space of smooth vector fields $\mathcal{X}^\infty(M)$ on a manifold M coincides naturally with the space of derivations $\text{Der}(\mathcal{C}^\infty(M), \mathcal{C}^\infty(M))$.

Hint. First provide a precise definition of the space $\text{Der}(\mathcal{C}^\infty(M), \mathcal{C}^\infty(M))$ and then use Problems 1 and 2 to construct the desired isomorphism.

Problem 4: Let M be a manifold and E a $\mathcal{C}^\infty(M)$ -module. Denote by $\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{C}^\infty(M)}^k(E, \mathcal{C}^\infty(M))$ the space of k -fold $\mathcal{C}^\infty(M)$ -multilinear maps from the k -fold cartesian product $E \times \dots \times E$ to $\mathcal{C}^\infty(M)$ and by $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{C}^\infty(M)}^k(E, \mathcal{C}^\infty(M))$ the subspace of alternating multilinear maps. Show that there is a natural isomorphism

$$\Omega^k(M) \rightarrow \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{C}^\infty(M)}^k(\mathcal{X}^\infty(M), \mathcal{C}^\infty(M)) .$$