MATH 1200 (SECTION E): SAMPLE QUESTION FOR CLASS TEST 1

1. Let A be the set

 $\{\alpha, \{1, \alpha\}, \{3\}, \{\{1, 3\}\}, 3\}.$

Which of the following statements are true and which are false? Justify your answer. (a) $\alpha \in A$ (b) $\{\alpha\} \notin A$ (c) $\{1, \alpha\} \subset A$

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{(c) } \{1,\alpha\} \subseteq A \\ \text{(d) } \{3,\{3\}\} \subseteq A \\ \text{(e) } \{1,3\} \in A \\ \text{(f) } \{\{1,3\}\} \subseteq A \\ \text{(g) } \{\{1,\alpha\}\} \subseteq A \\ \text{(h) } \emptyset \in A \\ \text{(i) } \emptyset \subseteq A \end{array}$

2. Show that $1 + 2 + 3 + \ldots + n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$.

3. If A implies B which of the following? (a) Either A is true or B is true. (b) $A \Rightarrow B$ (c) $B \Rightarrow A$ (d) $\neg A \Rightarrow B$ (e) $\neg B \Rightarrow A$

4. Determine only which of the following is true or false.

(a) If a > b, then 3a is necessarily > 2b.

(b) The set of all x which satisfy the inequality $|x^2 - 5| > 4$ is all x such that |x| > 3.

(c) IF x > y, then necessarily |x| > |y|.

5. Which of the following are True or False. Justify your answers.

(a) If $n^2 - 2n - 3 = 0$, then n = 3.

(b) For integers a and b, if ab is a square, then a and b are squares.

(c) For integers a and b, ab is a square if a and b are squares.

6. Disprove the following statements.

(a) If n and k are positive integers, then $n^k - n$ is always divisible by k. (b) Every positive integer is the sum of three squares (the squares being 0, 1, 4, 9, etc).

7. If n is an even integer, then $n^2 + 4n + 3$ is odd.

- 8. Let n be an integer such that n^2 is a multiple of 3. Then n is also a multiple of 3.
- 9. If for an integer n, $5n^2 + 2n + 3$ is even, then n is odd.
- 10. Let n be an integer. Then n is even if and only if n^2 is even.